

グラフ理論

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$G = (V, E)$ を節点集合 V , 枝集合 E から成る単純有向グラフとする. $R(u; G)$ を G において節点 u から有向路で到達できる節点の集合と定め, $\text{dist}(u, v; G)$ を節点 u から節点 v へ至る G の有向路の最短の長さとする. $v \notin R(u; G)$ のときは $\text{dist}(u, v; G) \triangleq |V|$ と定める. 有向グラフ G から有向枝 $e \in E$ を削除した有向グラフを $G - e$ と記す. s, t を V の二つの節点とする. G は隣接リストにより貯えられているとする. 以下の問いに答えよ.

- (i) $t \in R(s; G)$ と仮定する. 節点 s から節点 t へ至る有向路で最短のものを求める $O(|V| + |E|)$ 時間アルゴリズムを与えよ.
- (ii) $\text{dist}(s, t; G - e) > \text{dist}(s, t; G)$ を満たす有向枝 $e \in E$ が存在するかどうかを判定する $O(|V| + |E|)$ 時間アルゴリズムを与えよ.
- (iii) $\text{dist}(s, t; G) = \text{dist}(t, s; G) = 3 < \text{dist}(s, t; G - e) = \text{dist}(t, s; G - e)$ である二節点 $s, t \in V$, 有向枝 $e \in E$ をもつ有向グラフ $G = (V, E)$ の例を作成せよ.

An English Translation:

Graph Theory

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Let $G = (V, E)$ be a simple directed graph with a vertex set V and an edge set E . Let $R(u; G)$ denote the set of vertices reachable from a vertex u by a directed path in G and $\text{dist}(u, v; G)$ denote the shortest length of a path from a vertex u to a vertex v in G , where we set $\text{dist}(u, v; G) \triangleq |V|$ if $v \notin R(u; G)$. Let $G - e$ denote the directed graph obtained from G by removing a directed edge $e \in E$. Let s and t be two vertices in V . Assume that G is stored in adjacency lists. Answer the following questions.

- (i) Assume that $t \in R(s; G)$. Give an $O(|V| + |E|)$ -time algorithm that computes a directed path with the shortest length from s to t .
- (ii) Give an $O(|V| + |E|)$ -time algorithm that tests whether there exists a directed edge $e \in E$ such that $\text{dist}(s, t; G - e) > \text{dist}(s, t; G)$.
- (iii) Construct an example of a directed graph $G = (V, E)$ that contains two vertices $s, t \in V$ and a directed edge $e \in E$ such that $\text{dist}(s, t; G) = \text{dist}(t, s; G) = 3 < \text{dist}(s, t; G - e) = \text{dist}(t, s; G - e)$.